

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF UNITED STATES PARENTS P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/633,083	08/01/2003	Il Hwan Cho	YPL-0060	3064
75	7590 07/20/2006		EXAMINER	
Cantor Colburn LLP			SACKEY, EBENEZER O	
55 Griffin Road South Bloomfield, CT 06002			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			1626	
			DATE MAILED: 07/20/2006	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/633,083	CHO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	EBENEZER SACKEY	1626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply	V 10 057 70 5VDID5 - MONTH	O) OD TUBETY (OO) DAYO				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 </u>	<u>//ay 2006</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 and 3 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	cepted or b) objected to by the lead rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 10/633,083

Art Unit: 1626

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Status of the Claims

Claims 1 and 3 are pending.

This is in response to applicant's amendment filed 05/13/06.

Applicants have cancelled claim 2.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Art Unit: 1626

Claims 1 and 3 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pascal et al., (EP 1 099 695 A1) for the reasons set forth in the office action mailed on 11/07/05.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The designation of variable "C" as carbon in formula (I), is redundant since "C" already represents a carbon. Correction is required.

Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments filed 05/03/06 have been fully considered but they are not deemed persuasive. Applicants traverses the rejection of claims 1 and 3 under 35 U.S.C. 103 because applicants assert isomers are not necessarily suggestive of each other, and further state that isomers having the same empirical formula but different structures are not necessarily considered equivalent by one skilled in the art. In response to applicant's argument the Examiner has provided the structural formula of the claimed compounds and the reference compounds below to show the similarities between the instantly claimed compounds and that of EP 1 099 695.

Application/Control Number: 10/633,083 Page 4

Art Unit: 1626

$$\mathbb{CP}_3$$
 \mathbb{R}^1 \mathbb{R}^2 \mathbb{R}^2 and \mathbb{R}^2 \mathbb{R}^2 \mathbb{R}^3 \mathbb{R}^4 \mathbb{R}^2 \mathbb{R}^3 \mathbb{R}^4 \mathbb{R}^2 \mathbb{R}^3 \mathbb{R}^4 \mathbb{R}^2 \mathbb{R}^3 \mathbb{R}^4 $\mathbb{R}^$

assertion, the reference compound is indeed suggestive of the claimed compounds because the only difference between the instant claims and the reference compound is the position of the benzyl sulfonamide group on the triazole. Moreover, in order to establish patentability in positional isomers, there must at least be a comparative showing establishing distinguishing characteristics allegedly showing that the claimed compounds are unobvious. Ex. Parte Henkel, 130 USPQ 474 (1960). The instantly claimed compounds would therefore have been suggested to one of ordinary skill. Hence, the motivation to make the claimed compounds derives from the expectation that structurally similar compounds are generally expected to have similar properties and similar utilities. In re Gyurik, 596, F2d. 1012, 201 USPQ 552 (CCPA), 1979. Applicant's next argue that a declaration has been submitted by one of the inventors to show the unexpected superiority of the instant compounds. However, there is no declaration of record to rebut the prima facie rejection of record. Hence, this argument will be considered as not relevant pending the submission of the said declaration.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to E. Sackey whose telephone number is (571) 272-0704. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30 am to 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph K. McKane, can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

Art Unit: 1626

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is

(571) 272-1600.

EOS

July 12, 2006

Joseph K. McKane

Supervisory Patent Examiner Art Unit 1626, Group 1600

Technology Center 1